8,

B

interest and present in a host cell directs expression of said gene in a tissue-restricted manner; and

- (c) a cloning site for a gene of interest.
- 11. (Amended Once) The self-replicating episomal DNA expression vector of claim 1, further comprising a eukaryotic transcription termination sequence placed between the LCR and the cloning site for a gene of interest and operative to prevent transcription therebetween.
- 12. (Twice Amended) A pair of vectors comprising a self-replicating episomal expression system for expressing a gene of interest extrachromosomally in a host cell of a specific tissue type, the pair of vectors comprising:
- i. a first vector comprising
  - (a) a self-replicating origin of replication operative in mammalian host cells;
- (b) an LQR, or component thereof, which when operatively linked to a gene of interest and present in a host cell directs expression of said gene in a tissue-restricted manner;
- and (c) a cloning site for a gene of interest; and ii. a second vector comprising
  - (a) said origin of replication; and
- (b) a sequence encoding a replication protein, said replication protein being necessary for replication of said origin of replication.
- 14. (Twice Amended) The pair of vectors of claim 12 wherein the component of an LCR is a component of the 8-globin LCR consisting of HS3.
- 15. (Once Amended) The pair of vectors of claim 12 or claim 13 wherein the component of the LCR is the β-globin LCR excluding site HS2.
- 23. (Once Amended) A method of obtaining persistent, tissue-specific expression of a gene of interest in a host cell in culture comprising culturing a host cell transfected with the vector of claim 2 or the pair of vectors of claim 13.

Please cancel claim 2 without prejudice.

## **REMARKS**

This paper is filed in response to the Office Action dated September 26, 2001. A